## MEMORAN DUM

CIA HISTORIAL REVIEW PROGRAM
RELEASE AS SANITIZED

17 May 1954

TO: C/P DC/P

SUBJECT:

Future Position

2003

2. Needless to say, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ actual power position has long been a matter of doubt. This doubt has been created, first and foremost, by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ himself: he has vacillated between statements to the effect that he wished to be "only a private citizen" and indications of frustrated ambition. Francis T. MYLKES speculated, probably with some justification, that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ "resignation" may have been prompted by long-range ambition rather than disgust. In view of the conflicting evidences of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ real desires, it will be important to flush him out at the earliest possible opportunity. If the general concept of this paper is agreed upon, \_\_\_\_\_\_ can be approached by REELFOOT with a concrete proposition, whereas in the past the GROUP has had to be guided more by what appeared to be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ own wishes in the matter of his position.

3. There is now available sufficient evidence to indicate that the revolutionary JUNTA, no matter how composed, will be fraught with considerable internal rivalry. The distaste of SMILAX and other leading Guatemalan army officers who could presumably won to the anti-Communist cause, if they are not already passively dedicated to it, for CALLIGERIS is established. There is every reason to believe that CALLIGERIS reciprocates such feelings. To be on the safe side, it must be assumed that there are other factions besides those of and CALLIGERIS who will be wanting to share post-revolutionary power.

however, is not now and has never been a party to this internecine strife in the army. He has the appearance of a patrician and the temperment of a moderator. Properly guided, he can cut an impressive, benevolent and relatively non-controversial public figure. According to available information, he enjoys a good reputation in Guatemala; his only political liability, his association with would presumably no longer be as large a liability after the revolution.

 He would give the Guatemalan public a feeling of calm and confidence and he would moderate, or at least conceal, the mutual recrimination of the military parties to victory. With as the public figureaf for the revolutionary Junta, time would be gained in which the struggles between CALLIGERIS and others would either be harmoniously dissolved or decided in favor of whichever military leader was able to mobilize the most power. With the helm these conflicts in the Junta could be sufficiently concealed or placated until such time as they no longer redounded to the benefit of the Communists. Without as a kind of umpire, it is possible that the rivalries within the military could erupt at a time when the anti-Communist forces had not get consolidated their hold on the country.

B. command of certain assets in both the civilian and military spheres of Guatemala life.

8. It is believed that if the foregoing personal focus is given to activities, he will be able to plan his post-revolutionary political action program much more effectively.

Jeremy T. NUTTING/gfb 17 May 1954